



Speaker: The sciences continued to simmer along during the 1800s. Two avenues of scientific inquiry that developed during this era are still highly controversial. That would be Darwin's theory of evolution and Sigmund Freud's theories on personality and disorders of the mind. The work of one revolutionary scientist, Louis Pasteur, has kept many people alive. His study of microorganisms led to the discovery of how many diseases are transmitted. This, in turn, led to the discovery of how to thwart these little buggers through sterilization practices. Treating milk at high temperatures in order to kill microorganisms carries the scientist's name, pasteurization.

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